

FAMILY NAME WATSON MRN 0407123  
 GIVEN NAME KAREN  MALE  FEMALE  
 D.O.B. 22/03/70 M.O. CROZIER  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
 LOCATION SURGICAL WARD

**STANDARD ADULT GENERAL OBSERVATION CHART**

Altered Calling Criteria

ALL OBSERVATIONS MUST BE GRAPHED

COMPLETE ALL DETAILS OR AFFIX PATIENT LABEL HERE

Date	21/5	22/5	23/5	24/5	Date													
Time	0930	1200	1600	2000	0400	0800	1200	1600	2000	0400	0800	1200	1600	2000	0400	0800	1200	
AIRWAY/BREATHING	Respiratory Rate																	35
	[Graph showing respiratory rate fluctuating between 15 and 25]																	5
SpO <sub>2</sub> %																	100	
[Graph showing SpO <sub>2</sub> fluctuating between 95 and 100]																	85	
Oxygen	RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA RA																	O <sub>2</sub> Lpm
Key: RA = Room Air, NP = Nasal Prongs, FM = Simple facemask, NRB = Non Re-breather, VM = Venturi Mask																		
CIRCULATION	Blood Pressure (mmHg) SBP is trigger																	230
	[Graph showing blood pressure with triggers between 70 and 140]																	40
Rhythm																	160	
SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR SR																	40	
Heart Rate																	160	
[Graph showing heart rate fluctuating between 70 and 110]																	40	
DISABILITY	Neurological																	A
	[A V P U]																	V
Enter appropriate letter. A= Alert, V= Rousable by voice (conduct GCS). P= Rousable only by pain (conduct GCS). U= Unresponsive																		
Initials	MH MH GF GF DC DC MH MH GF GF DC DC MH MH GF GF ES ES MH MH																	Initials

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Date	21/5	22/5	23/5	24/5	Date									
Time	0930	1200	1600	2000	0400	0800	1200	1600	2000	0400	0800	1200		
EXPOSURE	Temperature (°C)												41	
	[Graph showing temperature fluctuating between 36.5 and 39]												34	
Pain	Assess pain level at rest and with movement. Enter R for at rest, M for movement													Severe (7-10)
	[Pain assessment grid with checkmarks]													Moderate (4-6)
	[Pain assessment grid with checkmarks]													Mild (1-3)
	[Pain assessment grid with checkmarks]													Nil
Initials													Initials	
MH MH GF GF DC DC MH MH GF GF DC DC MH MH GF GF ES ES MH MH													Initials	
Blood Glucose	Date	21/5											Date	
	Time	0930											Time	
BGL	7.0											BGL		
Bowels	Date												Date	
Weight	Date												Date	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Daily												Daily	
Urinalysis	Date												Date	
	Time												Time	
	SG												SG	
	pH												pH	
	Leuk												Leuk	
	Blood												Blood	
	Nitrite												Nitrite	
	Ketones												Ketones	
Bilirubin												Bilirubin		
U/Bil												U/Bil		
Protein												Protein		
Glucose												Glucose		

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Holes punched as per AS2828.1:2012  
 BINDING MARGIN - NO WRITING



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# STANDARD ADULT GENERAL OBSERVATION CHART

Altered Calling Criteria  
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**OTHER CHARTS IN USE**

Neurological Observation  Insulin Infusion  Alcohol Withdrawal  
 Fluid Balance  Pain / Epidural / Patient Control Analgesia  Resuscitation Plan  
 Anticoagulant  Neurovascular  Other \_\_\_\_\_

### PRESCRIBED FREQUENCY OF OBSERVATIONS

*Observations must be performed routinely at least 8th hourly, unless advised below*

DATE:	dd/MM/yy			
Time:	hh:mm			
Frequency Required	Twice daily			
Medical Officer Name (BLOCK letters)	P. SMITH			
Medical Officer Signature	P. SMITH			
Attending Medical Officer Signature	R. Blagge			

### ALTERATIONS TO CALLING CRITERIA

MUST BE REVIEWED WITHIN 72 HOURS OR EARLIER IF CLINICALLY INDICATED  
 Any alterations MUST be signed by a Medical Officer and confirmed by Attending Medical Officer  
 Document rationale for altering CALLING CRITERIA in the patient's health care record

DATE:	dd/MM/yy			
TIME:	hh:mm			
Next review due Date & Time	dd/MM/yy hh:mm			

Respiratory Rate	Yellow Zone	30-34			
	Red Zone	≥ 35			
SpO <sub>2</sub>	Yellow Zone				
	Red Zone				
Heart Rate	Yellow Zone				
	Red Zone				
Blood Pressure	Yellow Zone				
	Red Zone				
Other	Yellow Zone				
	Red Zone				
Medical Officer Name (BLOCK letters)	P. SMITH				
Medical Officer Signature	P. SMITH				
Attending Medical Officer Signature	R. Blagge				

### INTERVENTIONS / COMMENTS / ACTIONS

	Date	Time	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

STANDARD ADULT GENERAL OBSERVATION CHART SMR110.010

REFER TO YOUR LOCAL CLINICAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM (CERS) PROTOCOL FOR INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO MAKE A CALL TO ESCALATE CARE FOR YOUR PATIENT

CHECK THE HEALTH CARE RECORD FOR AN END OF LIFE CARE PLAN WHICH MAY ALTER THE MANAGEMENT OF YOUR PATIENT

## Yellow Zone Response

IF YOUR PATIENT HAS ANY YELLOW ZONE OBSERVATIONS OR ADDITIONAL CRITERIA\* YOU MUST

1. Initiate appropriate clinical care
2. Repeat and increase the frequency of observations, as indicated by your patient's condition
3. Consult promptly with the **NURSE IN CHARGE** to decide whether a **CLINICAL REVIEW** (or other CERS) call should be made

Consider the following:

- What is usual for your patient and are there documented 'ALTERATIONS TO CALLING CRITERIA'?
- Does the trend in observations suggest deterioration?
- Is there more than one Yellow Zone observation or additional criterion?
- Are you concerned about your patient?

IF A CLINICAL REVIEW IS CALLED:

1. Reassess your patient and escalate according to your local CERS if the call is not attended within 30 minutes or you are becoming more concerned
2. Document an A-G assessment, reason for escalation, treatment and outcome in your patient's health care record
3. Inform the Attending Medical Officer that a call was made as soon as it is practicable

<b>*Additional YELLOW ZONE Criteria</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increasing oxygen requirement</li> <li>• Poor peripheral circulation</li> <li>• Excess or increasing blood loss</li> <li>• Decrease in Level of Consciousness or new onset of confusion</li> <li>• Low urine output persistent for 4 hours (&lt; 100mLs over 4 hours or &lt; 0.5mL/kg/hr via an IDC)</li> <li>• Polyuria, in the absence of diuretics (urine output &gt; 200mL/hr for 2 hours)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Greater than expected fluid loss from a drain</li> <li>• New, increasing or uncontrolled pain (including chest pain)</li> <li>• Blood Glucose Level &lt; 4mmol/L or &gt; 20mmol/L with no decrease in Level of Consciousness</li> <li>• Ketonaemia &gt; 1.5mmol/L or Ketonuria 2+ or more</li> <li>• <b>Concern by patient or family member</b></li> <li>• <b>Concern by you or any staff member</b></li> </ul>

CONSIDER IF YOUR PATIENT'S DETERIORATION COULD BE DUE TO SEPSIS, A NEW ARRHYTHMIA, HYPOVOLAEMIA/HAEMORRHAGE, PULMONARY EMBOLUS/DVT, PNEUMONIA/ATELECTASIS, AN AMI, STROKE, OR AN OVERDOSE/OVER SEDATION

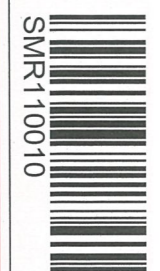
## Red Zone Response

IF YOUR PATIENT HAS ANY RED ZONE OBSERVATIONS OR ADDITIONAL CRITERIA# YOU MUST CALL FOR A RAPID RESPONSE (as per local CERS) AND

1. Initiate appropriate clinical care
2. Inform the **NURSE IN CHARGE** that you have called for a **RAPID RESPONSE**
3. Repeat and increase the frequency of observations, as indicated by your patient's condition
4. Document an A-G assessment, reason for escalation, treatment and outcome in your patient's health care record
5. Inform the Attending Medical Officer that a call was made as soon as it is practicable

<b>#Additional RED ZONE Criteria</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Cardiac or respiratory arrest</b></li> <li>• <b>Airway obstruction or stridor</b></li> <li>• <b>Patient unresponsive</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sudden decrease in Level of Consciousness (a drop of 2 or more points on the GCS)</li> <li>• Seizures</li> <li>• Low urine output persistent for 8 hours (&lt; 200mLs over 8 hours or &lt; 0.5mL/kg/hr via an IDC)</li> <li>• Blood Glucose Level &lt; 4mmol/L or &gt; 20mmol/L with a decreased Level of Consciousness</li> <li>• Lactate ≥ 4mmol/L</li> <li>• <b>Serious concern by any patient or family member</b></li> <li>• <b>Serious concern by you or any staff member</b></li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deterioration not reversed within 1 hour of Clinical Review</li> <li>• Increasing oxygen requirements to maintain oxygen saturation &gt; 90%</li> <li>• Arterial Blood Gas: PaO<sub>2</sub> &lt; 60 or PaCO<sub>2</sub> &gt; 60 or pH &lt; 7.2 or BE &lt; -5</li> <li>• Venous Blood Gas: PvCO<sub>2</sub> &gt; 65 or pH &lt; 7.2</li> <li>• Only responds to Pain (P) on the AVPU scale</li> </ul>	

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